

Drug Discovery From Soil Bacteria

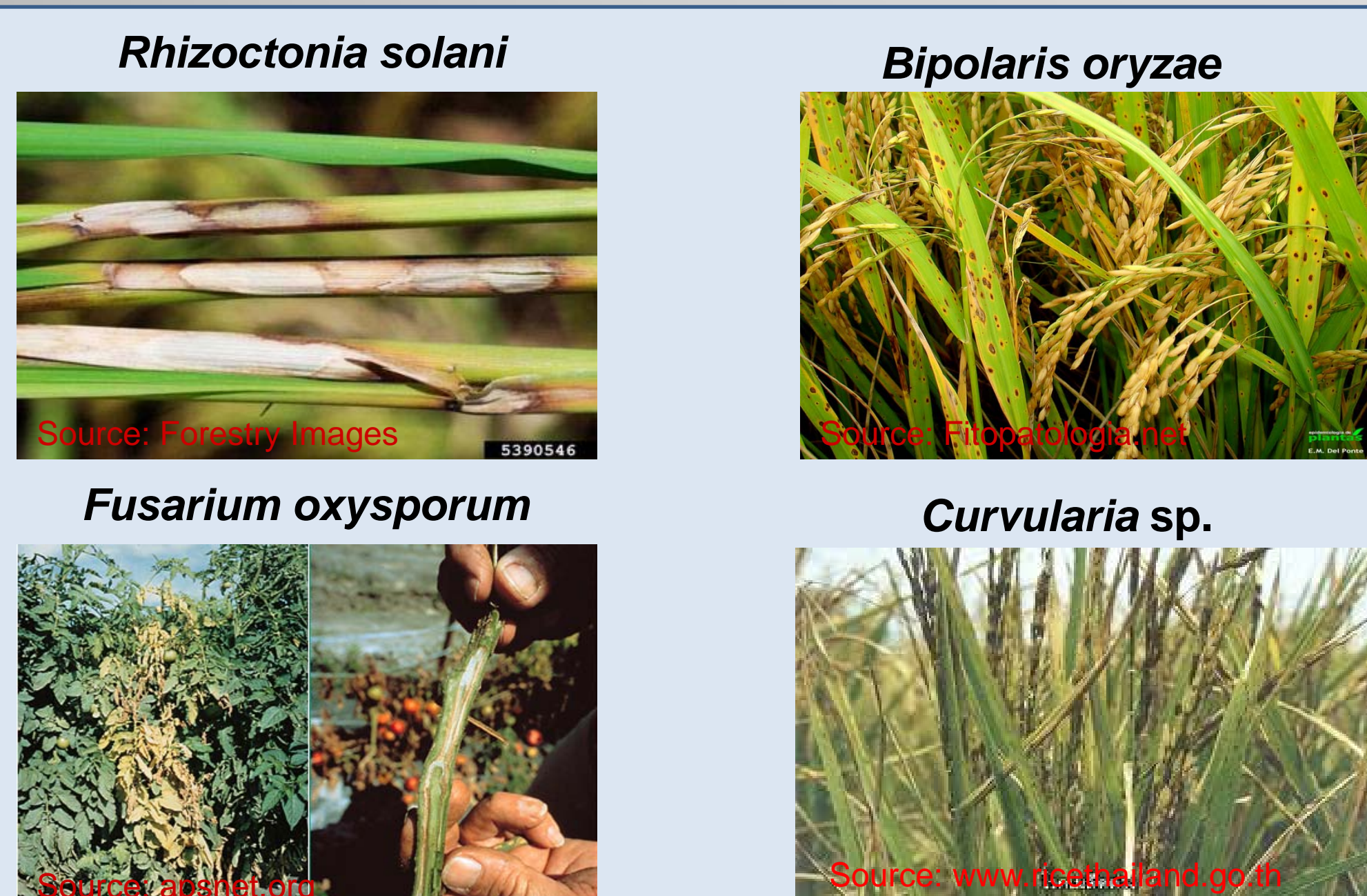
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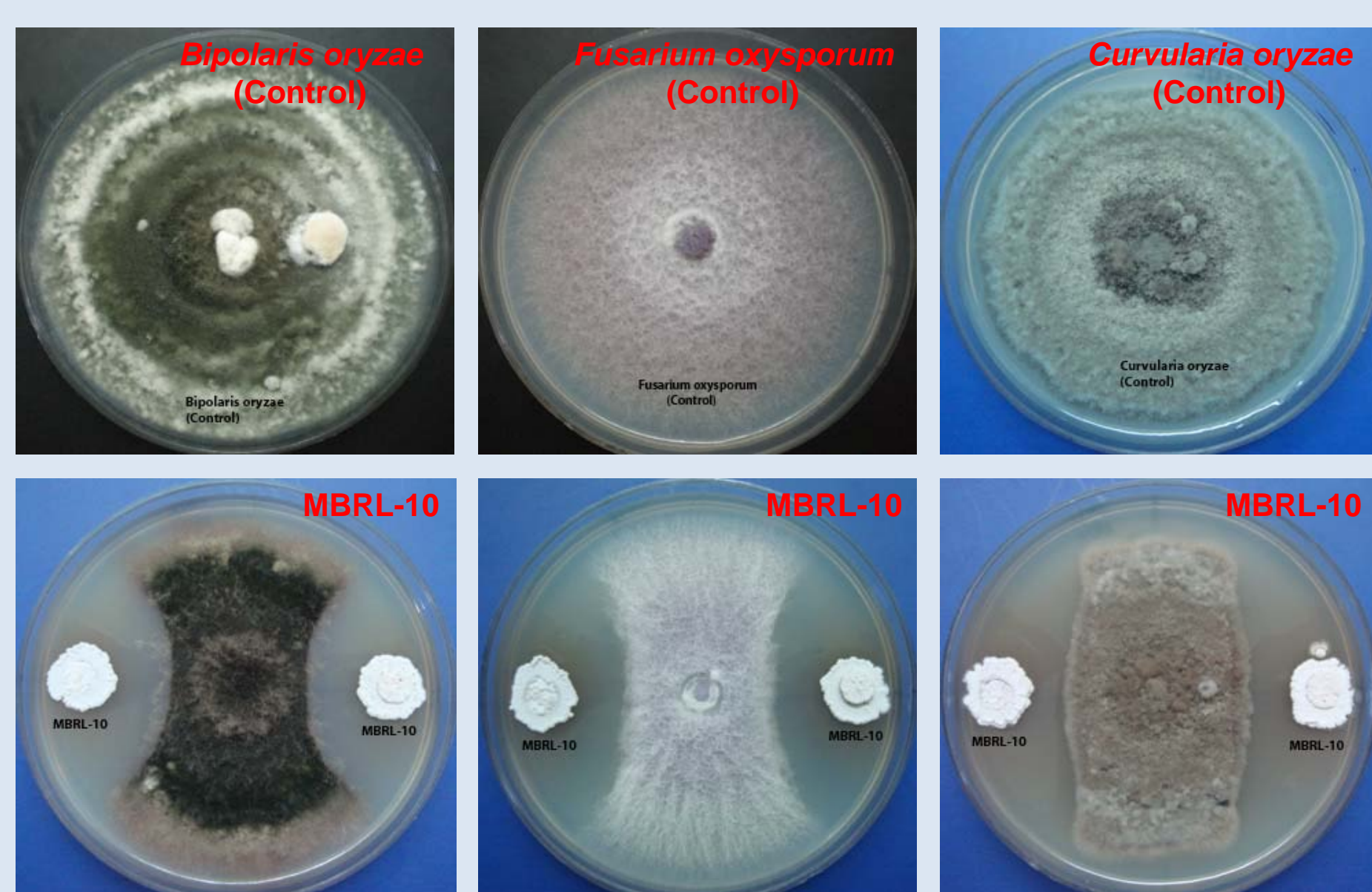
Introduction

- Soil bacteria, particularly *Streptomyces*, are prolific producers of antibiotics.
- Our aim is to discover bacterial-derived new antifungal agents against plant pathogens.
- Strains used: **MBRL-10** and **MBRL-574**, from Manipur, India.
- The strains were collected from The Hundung Cement Factory, abandoned as of 2003 due to the swampy location.

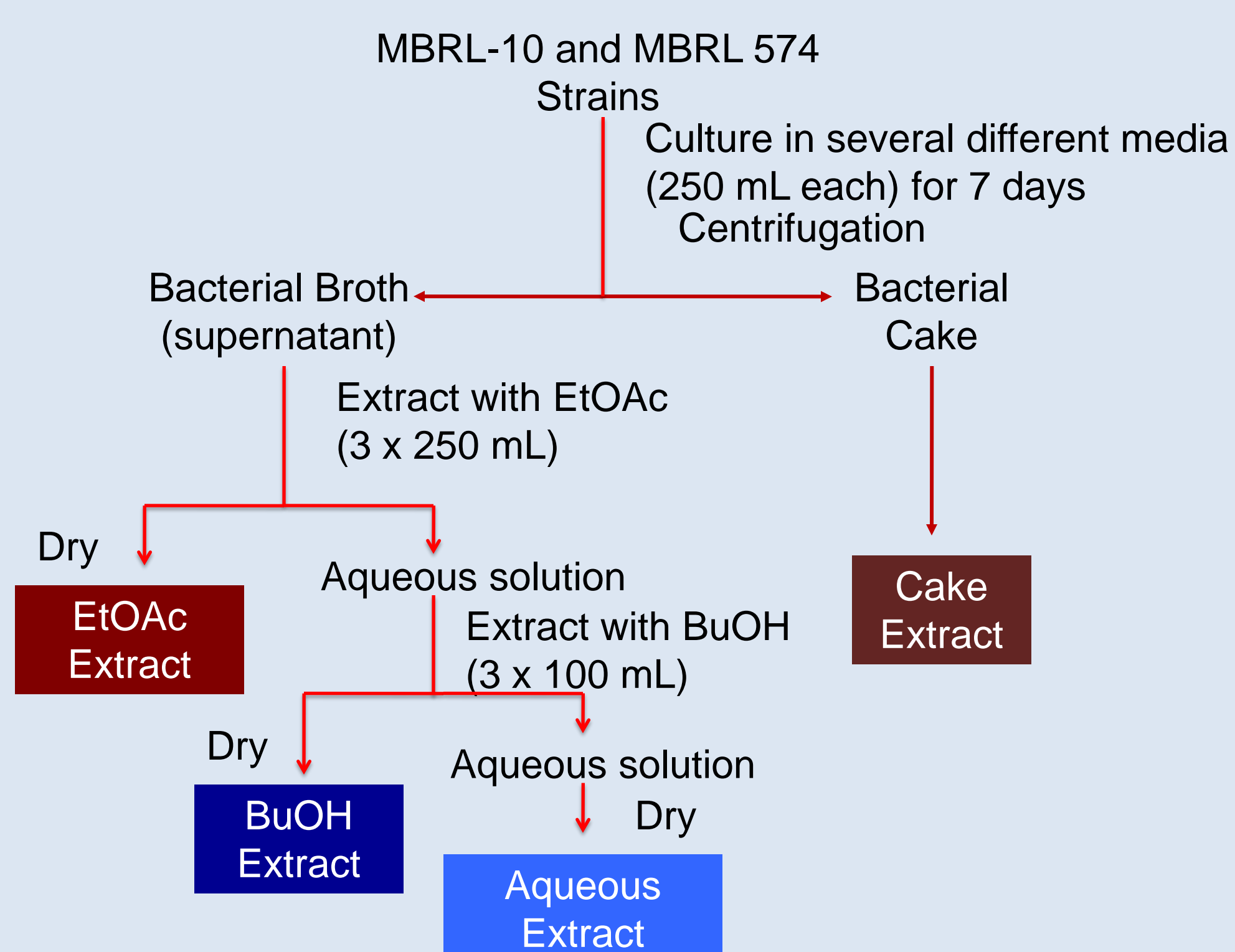
Examples of Plant Fungal Infections



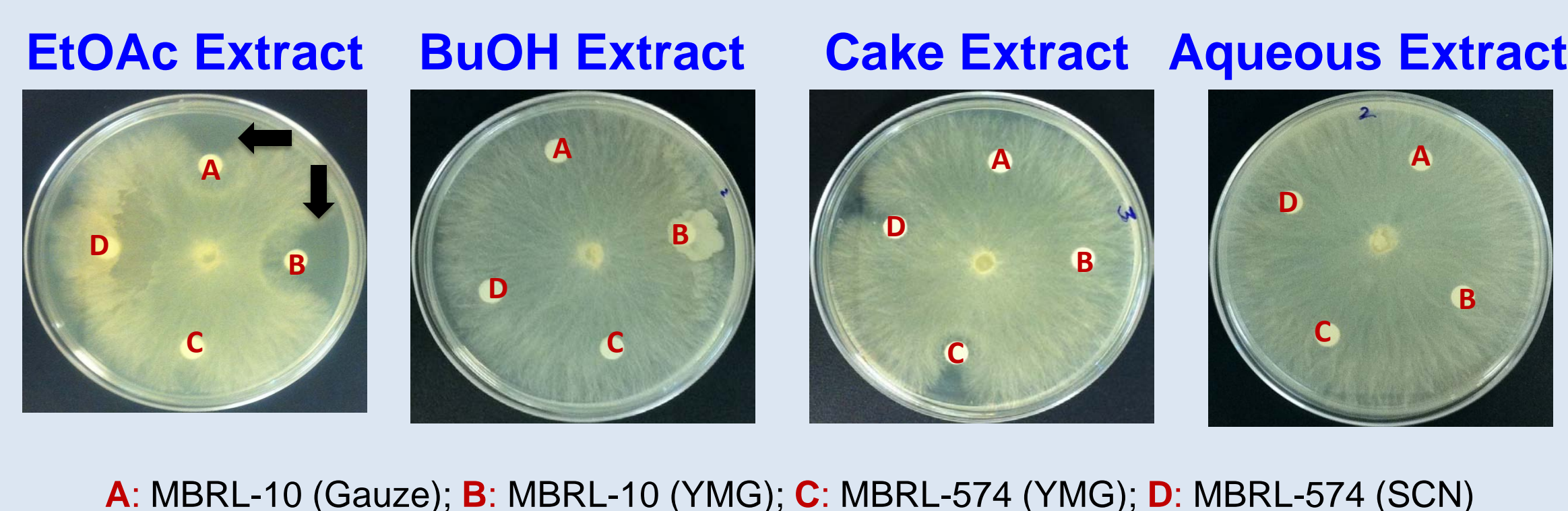
Preliminary Antifungal Activity Assays



Extraction Scheme



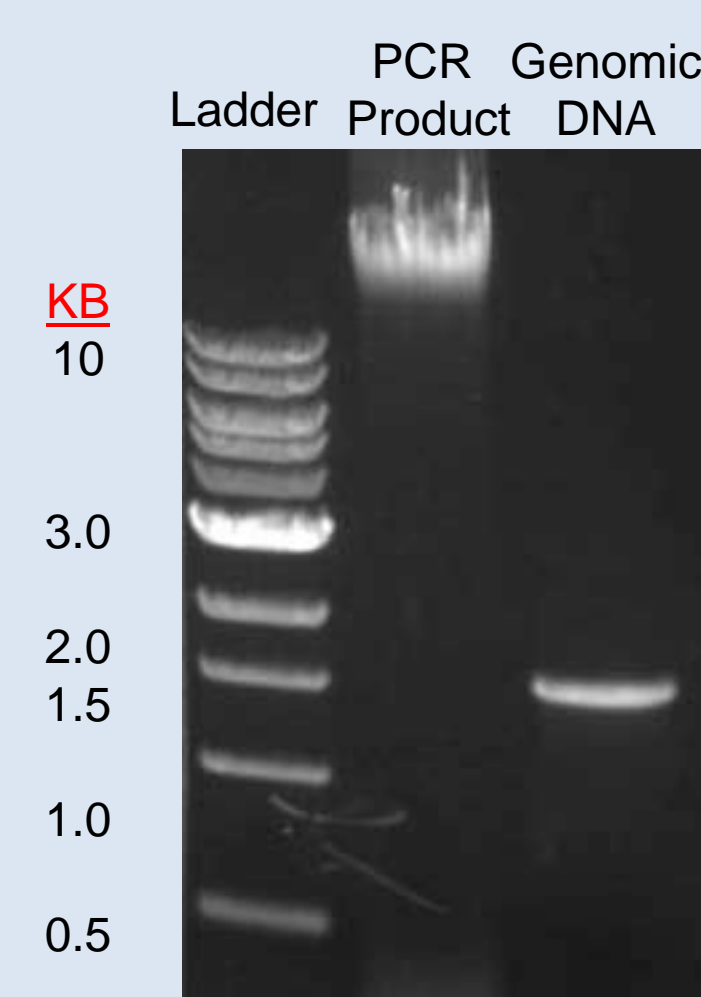
Antifungal Activity Assay Against *R. solani*



A: MBRL-10 (Gauze); B: MBRL-10 (YMG); C: MBRL-574 (YMG); D: MBRL-574 (SCN)

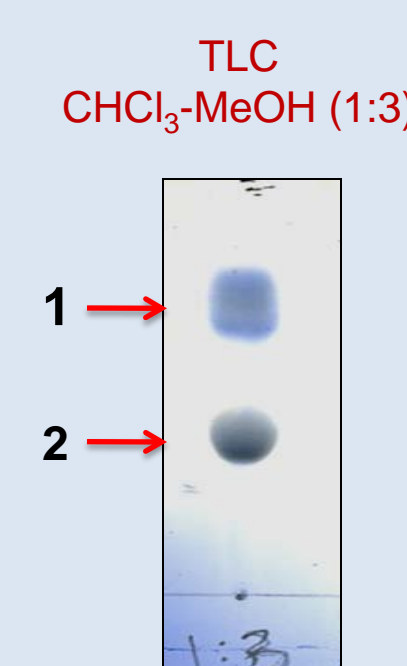
Classification of Bacterial Strain

- DNA Extraction
- PCR amplification
- Electrophoresis
- Purification using a gel extraction kit
- Concentration measurement
- Sent to be sequenced
- Streptomyces* genus identified



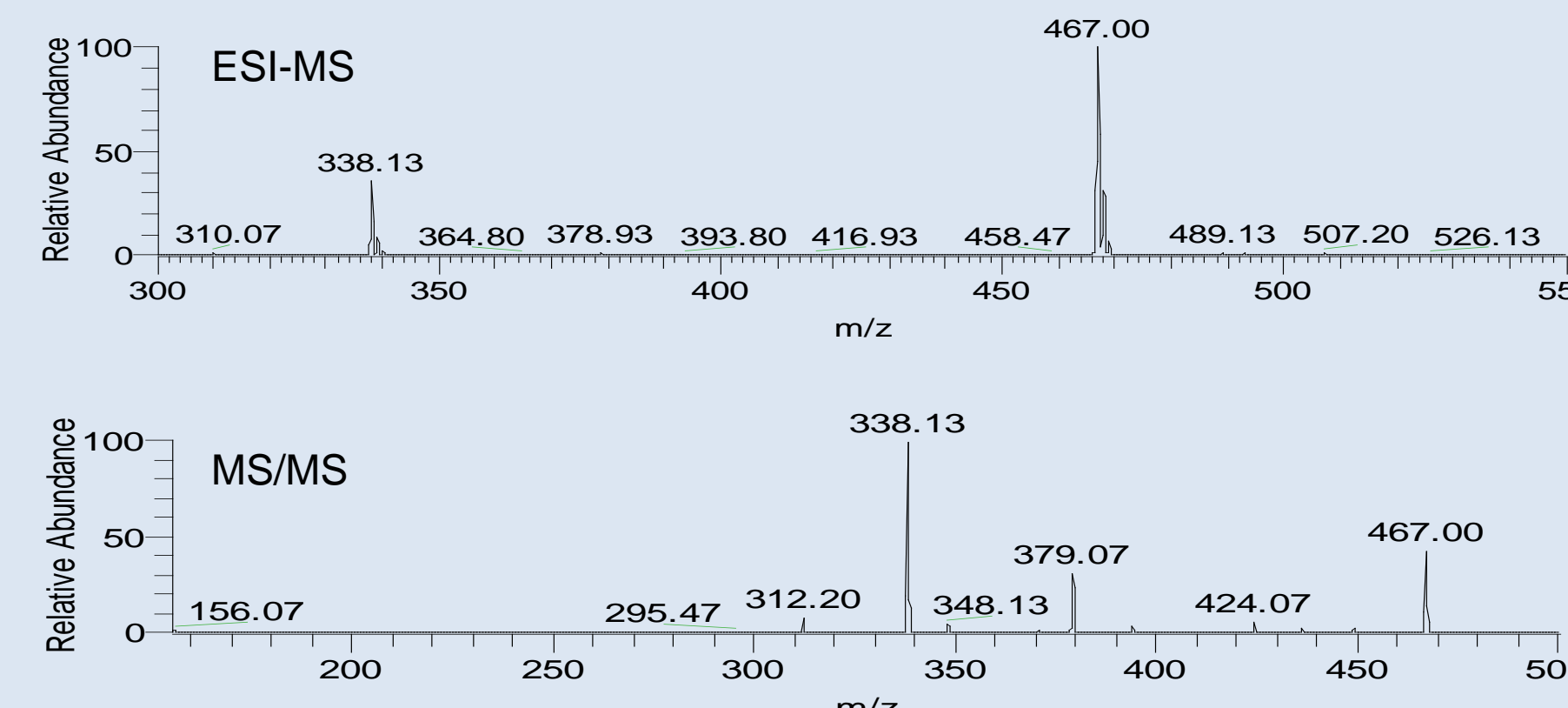
Further Analysis of MBRL-10

- **Scaling Up of Liquid Culture:**
-YMG medium (4 L) was inoculated with the MBRL-10 strain
- **Supernatant Extraction:**
-EtOAc extraction
-Crude extract yield: 40 mg/L
- **Crude Extract Analysis:**
-Thin Layer Chromatography, two spots observed
-The two "compounds" were isolated using preparative TLC
- **Antifungal Activity Test of Compound 1 & 2**
-Used plant pathogenic fungus *Rhizoctonia solani* as test organism
-Inhibition noted by compound 2
- **Purification of Compound 2 from EtOAc Extract**
-Silica Gel Column Chromatography; CHCl₃-MeOH (1:5)
-Analyzed fractions using TLC
-Observed TLC under UV light
-Combined appropriate fractions
-Yield: 2 mg/L

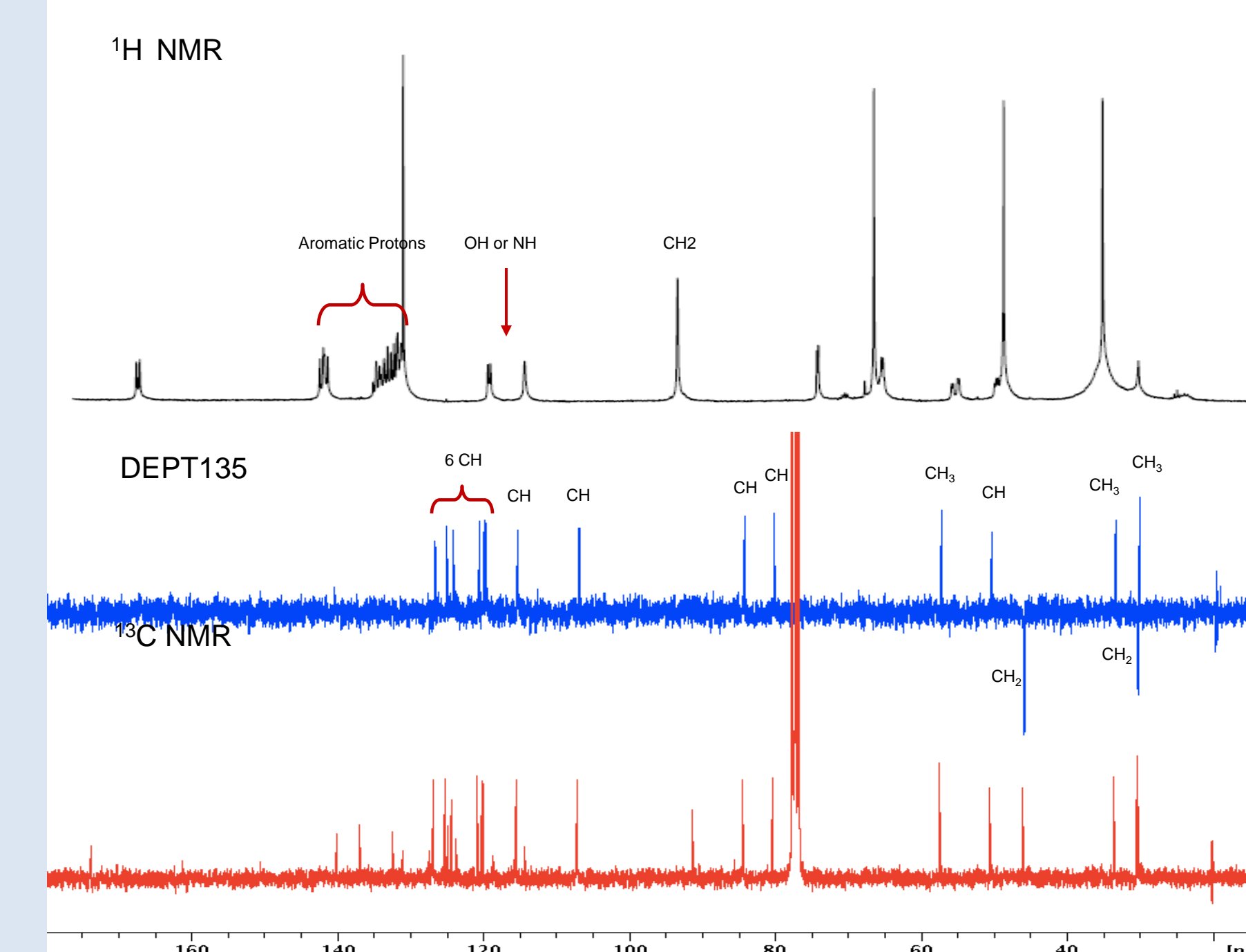


Structure Elucidation

Mass Spectrometry Analysis of Compound 2



Nuclear Magnetic Resonance

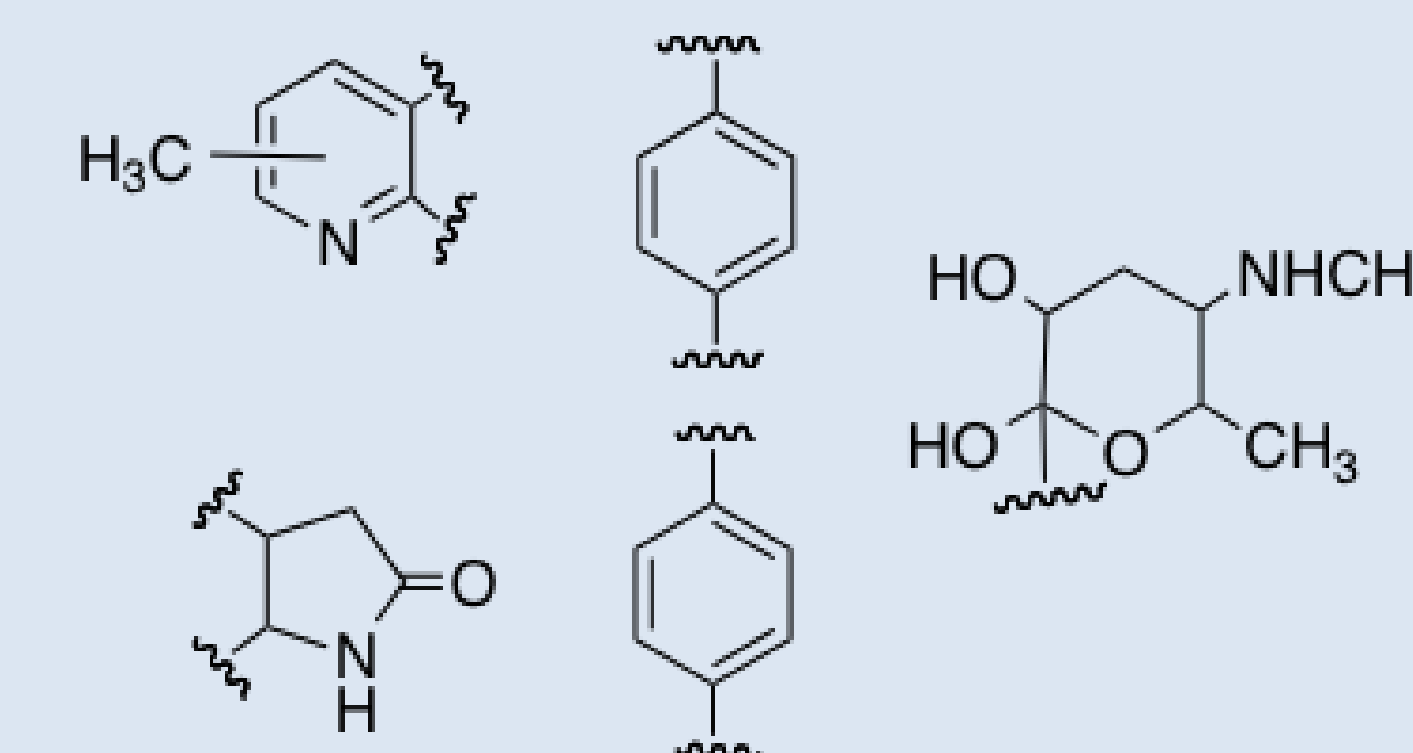


Proposed Partial Structure of Compound 2

- Based on 1D and 2D NMR (¹H-¹H COSY, HSQC, HMBC)

Known Number of Groups:

- CH₃: 3
- CH₂: 2
- CH: 11
- 4° C: 9



Conclusion

- Strain MBRL-10 was found to produce compounds with strong antifungal activity against *Rhizoctonia solani*.
- Among the media tested, YMG was the best medium for the production of the antifungal compound.
- Within the crude EtOAc extract two spots were observed on TLC plates, and spot #2 was active against *R. solani*.
- Compound 2 was not active however, against pathogenic bacteria.
- At this stage, we propose only partial structures of compound 2, as further analysis is necessary to determine the complete structure of the compound.

Acknowledgments

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Subsurface Biosphere Initiative
Research and education focused on life below Earth's surface.